MOLLIE GIBSON - GOLDEN LODE

(Formerly BURNT BASIN Au-Ag-Cu-Zn-Pb Camp)

A large number of mineral occurrences occur on the MOLLY GIBSON - GOLDEN LODE (Formerly) The Burnt Basin Gold camp, most of which have seen limited modern exploration.

The known showings belong to 3 main styles of mineralization, including Au-Ag quartz veins (i.e. **Motherlode** showing), Pb-Zn-Ag-Cu-Au mineralization on argillaceous limestone (i.e. **Eva Bell, Halifax** showings) and high grade auriferous massive pyrrhotite-pyrite mineralization (i.e. **Molly Gibson** showings). The bulk of the previous exploration on the property was done in the 1960's and 1970's and was directed at Pb-Zn-Ag-Cu mineralization.

One drill hole in 1972 on the **Eva Bell** claim returned 4.05 oz/t Ag, 5.44% Pb and 8.78% Zn over a (5.02m) 16.5 foot true width. Trenching in 1973 is also reported to have exposed a zone in the Halifax – Eva Bell area that graded 0.03 oz/t Au, 8.6 oz/t Ag, 2.2% Cu, 3.2 % Pb and 8.15% Zn over a 21 foot width (6.4m).

Although most of the area was covered and unexplored numerous areas of Pb-Zn-Ag mineralization occur within a 1.5-kilometer-long, east-west trending zone, situated just north of Mollie Creek in the east-central part of the property. From east to west, the different areas of mineralization within this larger zone are the **Breckle, Eva Bell Production Pit, Upper Eva Bell,** Manitou (not part of property), **Halifax** and **Ennismore**, All of these showings were located, mapped and sampled during a 2006 work program. The showings are similar in character, with mineralization consisting of sphalerite and /or galena with up to 30% magnetite and with lesser chalcopyrite and pyrrhotite, typically within banded argillaceous limestone.

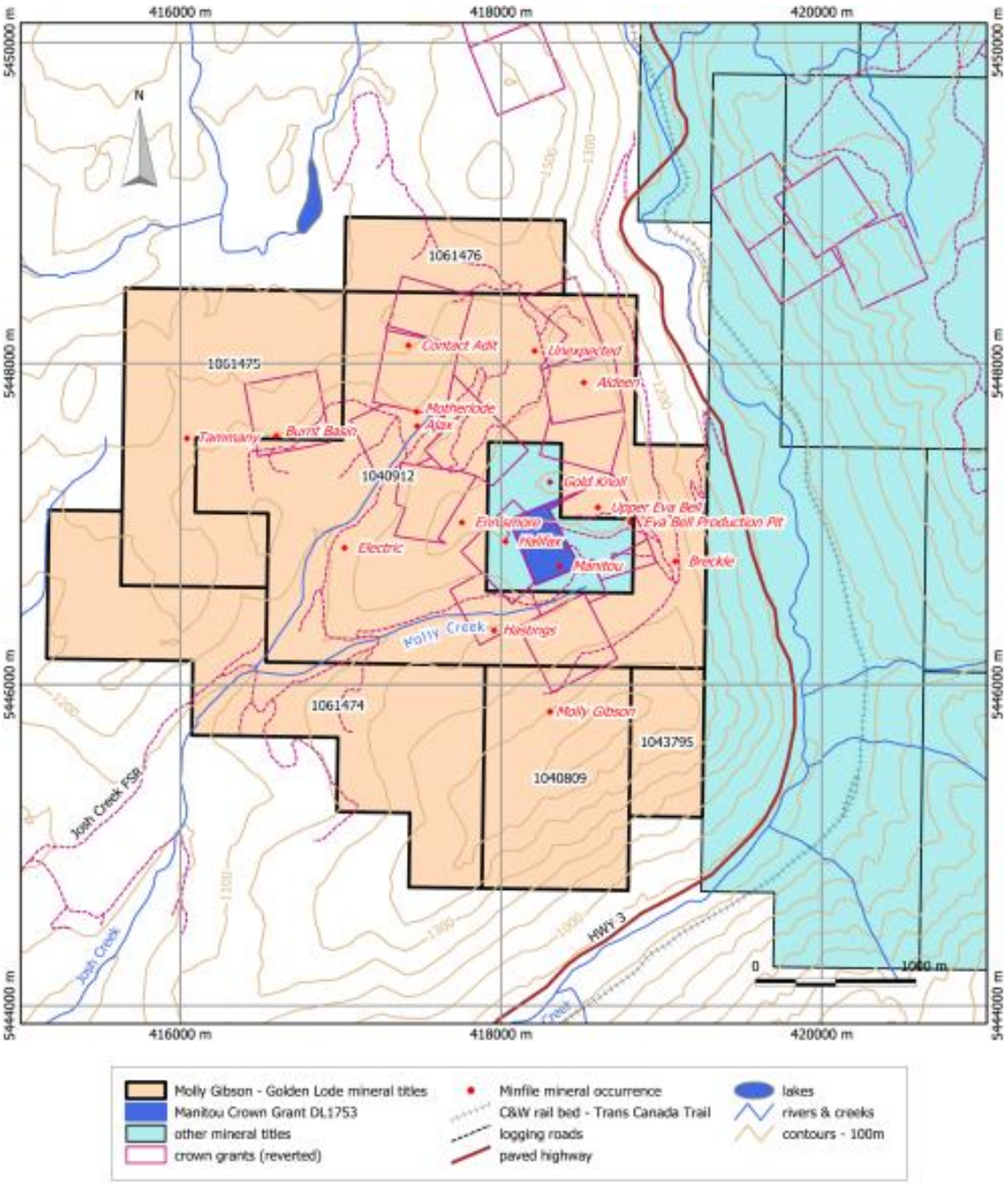
Mineralization is generally fine-grained and massive and may fit a Broken Hill type model, although the age of the host rocks and the grade of metamorphism differ from other BC examples. High-grade zinc, lead, silver and copper mineralization was sampled from numerous showings within this mineralized zone during the 2006 program, with values to a maximum of **38.5% Zn**, 64.0% Pb, **1270g/t Ag** and **10.8% Cu** returned. Gold values are typically lower in this style of mineralization, generally in the range of several hundred ppb Au, however the Breckle showing contained 2.71 g/t Au in a sample of massive sphalerite-galena, while local Pyrrhotite-rich hornfels assayed 5.38 g/t Au. These hornfelsed rocks are highly prospective for a low grade bulk tonnage gold type of deposit model.

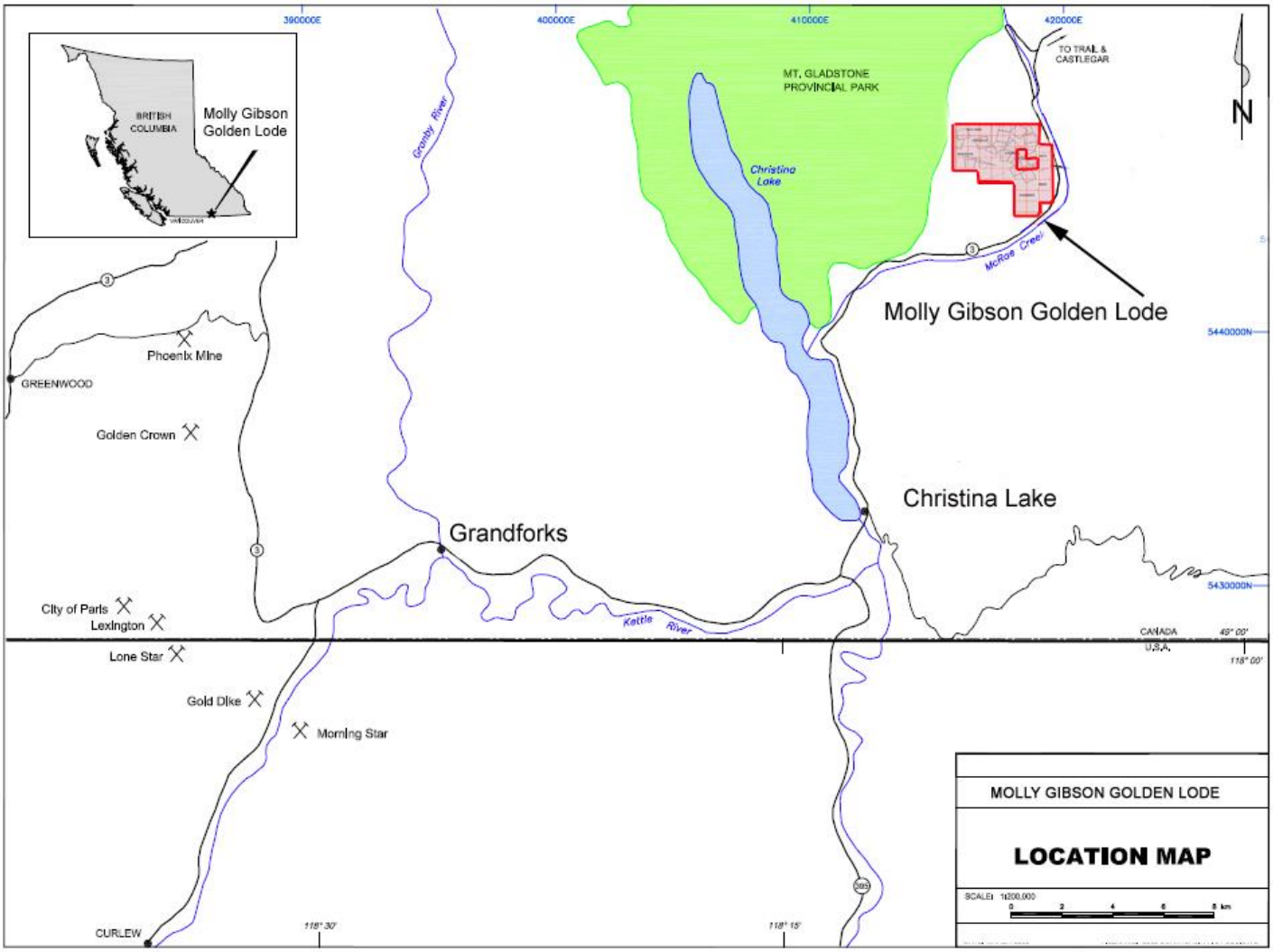
Old workings at the Molly Gibson showing were also located and mapped during, and a total of 34 rock samples were collected. Typically, mineralization consists of lenses or pods of massive pyrite-pyrrhotite, hosted within limestone and meta-sediments, in a similar setting but lower (?) in the stratigraphic sequence than the Pb-Zn-Ag mineralization described above. Auriferous quartz veins (?) or lenses(?) also occur. Molly Gibson–type mineralization is primarily gold-rich, with elevated silver and copper, and without significant lead or zinc.

Gold mineralization at Molly Gibson is exposed intermittently in old workings over a distance of about 650 meters. In a general sense, there is a strong stratigraphic control to mineralization, although on a more detailed scale, mineralization does not always appear to be conformable with bedding. Samples collected returned significant gold values up to **270 gpt/Au (8 oz/t Au)** from several different historical workings.

The Molly Gibson – Golden Lode Property is in south central British Columbia, approximately 25 kilometres northeast of the Town of Grand Forks. The Property is on NTS map sheet 082E/01. The Property consists of six contiguous mineral titles covering an area of 1161.71 hectares. Access to the Molly Gibson - Golden Lode Property is via the Josh Creek Forest Service Road that connects to Highway 3 south of the Property.

The Property is situated within the Boundary District, an area with a long history of exploration and mining activity in several prolific mining camps. The Greenwood Mining Camp (1.4 Million Ounces Gold, 10 Million Ounces Silver and 0.7 Billion pounds Copper) is situated some 35 Km west-southwest of the Property, the Rossland Camp (2.7 million ounces of gold, 3.5 million ounces of silver and 71,000 tonnes of copper between 1894 and 1941 25 kilometres to the southeast, and the prolific Republic-Belcher-Curlew area of Washington State 75 kilometres to the southwest.





At **Molly Gibson** Samples of quartz vein material with pyrite and Pyrrhotite from the **Purcell Adit** and **Inclined Shaft** returned values to 13.7 g/t Au. Approximately 200 meters to the south, a narrow band of massive Pyrrhotite in biotite schist from the dump of the Upper Adit ran 16.0 g/t Au. A further 100 meters south, semi-massive Pyrrhotite in hornfels from the **Twin Tunnels** assayed **29.5 g/t Au** and approximately 50 meters uphill to the Northeast from the Twin Tunnels, samples of semi-massive Pyrrhotite from the **lime Cut** and **Magnetic Cut** assayed **26.1 g/t Au** and **17.8 g/t Au**, respectively.

During the winter of 2004 a new road, the Josh Creek Main, was built to accommodate logging in the Josh and Mollie Creek drainages. This new road leaves Highway 3 at the Ministry of Highways work shed approximately 10 kilometres southwest of the Paulson bridge, and follows the Josh Creek valley to the northeast.

The Josh Creek Main and numerous spur roads provide new and better road access into the central part of the Burnt Basin property. As part of the 2007 work program, a short road segment was constructed, to connect the new Josh Creek logging road network to the historic road network, so that road access has been restored to the Eva Bell and Molly Gibson areas.

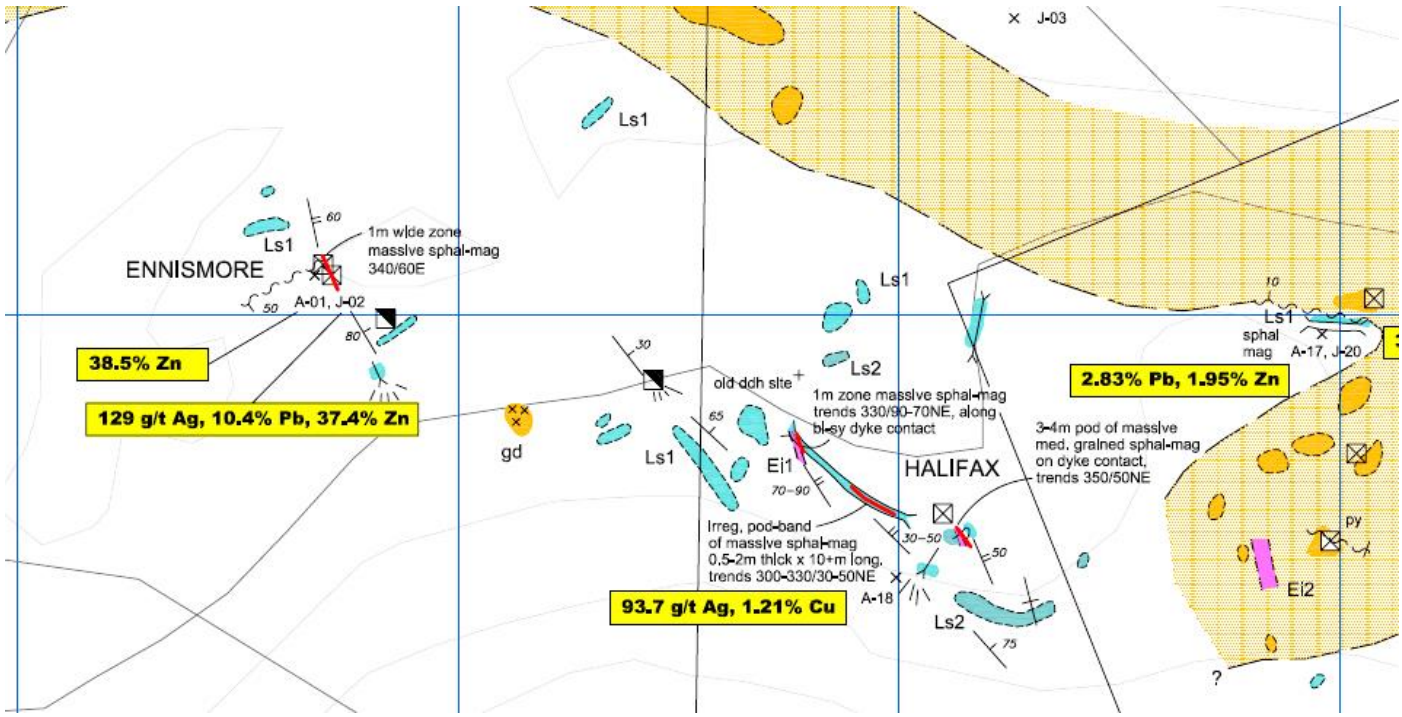
More recent 2018 logging due to the 2015 Paulson forest fire has now provided excellent road access to the numerous showings.

Contact Adit

This picture shows a rusty Quartz vein at the portal of the Contact Adit. A **40 cm chip** sample across the Contact Vein at the face of the adit assayed **59.03 g/t Au.** This showing is untested by drilling.

The Halifax Area Trenching

Halifax showing- Massive sphalerite-magnetite-galena mineralization occurs in old workings, sloughed cat trenches, and on the historic dumps. The excavator was used to strip the area adjoining the historic open cut, for detailed mapping and sampling. A long trench was also dug nearby, which exposes additional mineralization.



Several pods of massive sphalerite-magetite +/- galena, chalcopyrite were discovered by bulldozer. Select grab samples collected returned values to **576 g/t Ag, 3.05% Cu, 7.03% Pb and 22.6% Zn, with 840 ppb Au and to 1270 g/t Ag, 10.8% Cu, 1.83% Pb and 5.34% Zn, with 490 ppb Au**, however the mineralization was poorly exposed. During the 2007 work program, the excavator was used to strip off a large area to better expose the mineralization for mapping and representative sampling.

Results to date show a large zinc, lead, copper, silver soil geochemical anomaly 200-400 meters in width and over 1km in length. Within this area untested airborne conductors have been found as well as many random occurring outcrops which have yielded many values in excess of 12% combined lead and zinc. The latter outcrops also contain silver, copper and gold values.

Numerous other zinc, lead, copper, gold soil geochemical anomalies were defined elsewhere on the grid, many of which are unrelated to any known mineralization. A strong 100m x 150m copper- gold soil anomaly was also defined several hundred meters to the northwest of the Upper Eva Bell showing, which is also unrelated to any known mineralization.

A new discovery of sphalerite-magnetite mineralization was made 800 meters to the northwest of the **Halifax Zone** with values to 15.4% zinc.

Unexpected Area: A new discovery of massive galena mineralization was also made, 1km north of the Halifax zone with values to 51.5% lead, 1.3 % zinc and 327g/t silver. A second area of mineralization, 200 meters to the north, returned values to 1.03% zinc and a third area of mineralization a further 250 m to the north, returned values to 17.1 g/t gold, 15.4 g/t silver, 1% lead and 0.6% zinc.

Contact Area: High precious metals values to **59 g/t gold and 74.9 g/t** silver were obtained from sampling at the Contact Adit Zone. This zone was discovered during the 2005 work program.

Hastings Area: A historically known area of massive magnetite-sphalerite mineralization was located, 500 m south of the Halifax, with values to 32.3% zinc returned from samples collected.

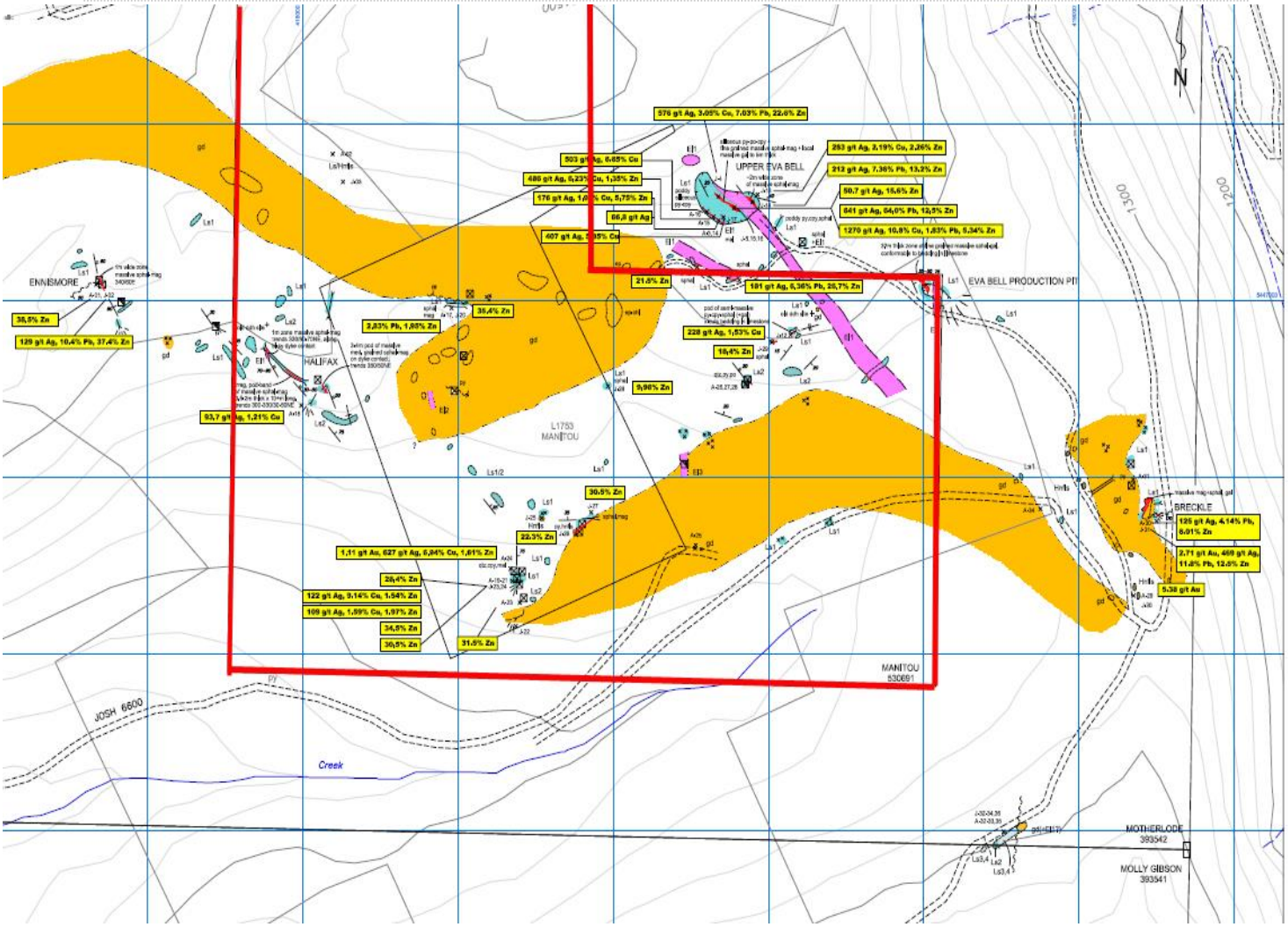
Burnt Basin Area: A new quartz vein discovery was made in a newly logged area, 1 km west of the Motherlode adits and workings, with values to 4.6 g/t gold.

The **Aldeen** property is in the northern part of the camp where andesitic volcanic rocks predominate. In 1901, a 6-metre shaft was sunk on a fissure quartz vein carrying **native gold** near surface. The Kittie, Aldeen and Tunnel claims (Lots 1748-1750, respectively) were Crown granted to W.B. Townsend in 1901. Burnt Basin Mines Ltd. was incorporated in 1971 to acquire 21 Crown-granted claims and fractions and 15 mineral leases, including the above three claims. **Aldeen area:** A new quartz vein discovery was made, 1km north of the Eva Bell, with values to 4.9g/t gold. No detailed follow-up has been done as of yet.

From east to west, the different areas of mineralization within this larger zone are the Breckle, Eva Bell Production Pit, Upper Eva Bell, Manitou(not part of property), Halifax and Ennismore, All of these showings were located, mapped and sampled during a 2006 work program.

The showings are similar in character, with mineralization consisting of sphalerite and /or galena with up to 30% magnetite and with lesser chalcopyrite and Pyrrhotite, typically within banded argillaceous limestone. Mineralization is generally fine-grained and massive and may fit a Broken Hill type model, although the age of the host rocks and the grade of metamorphism differ from other BC examples.

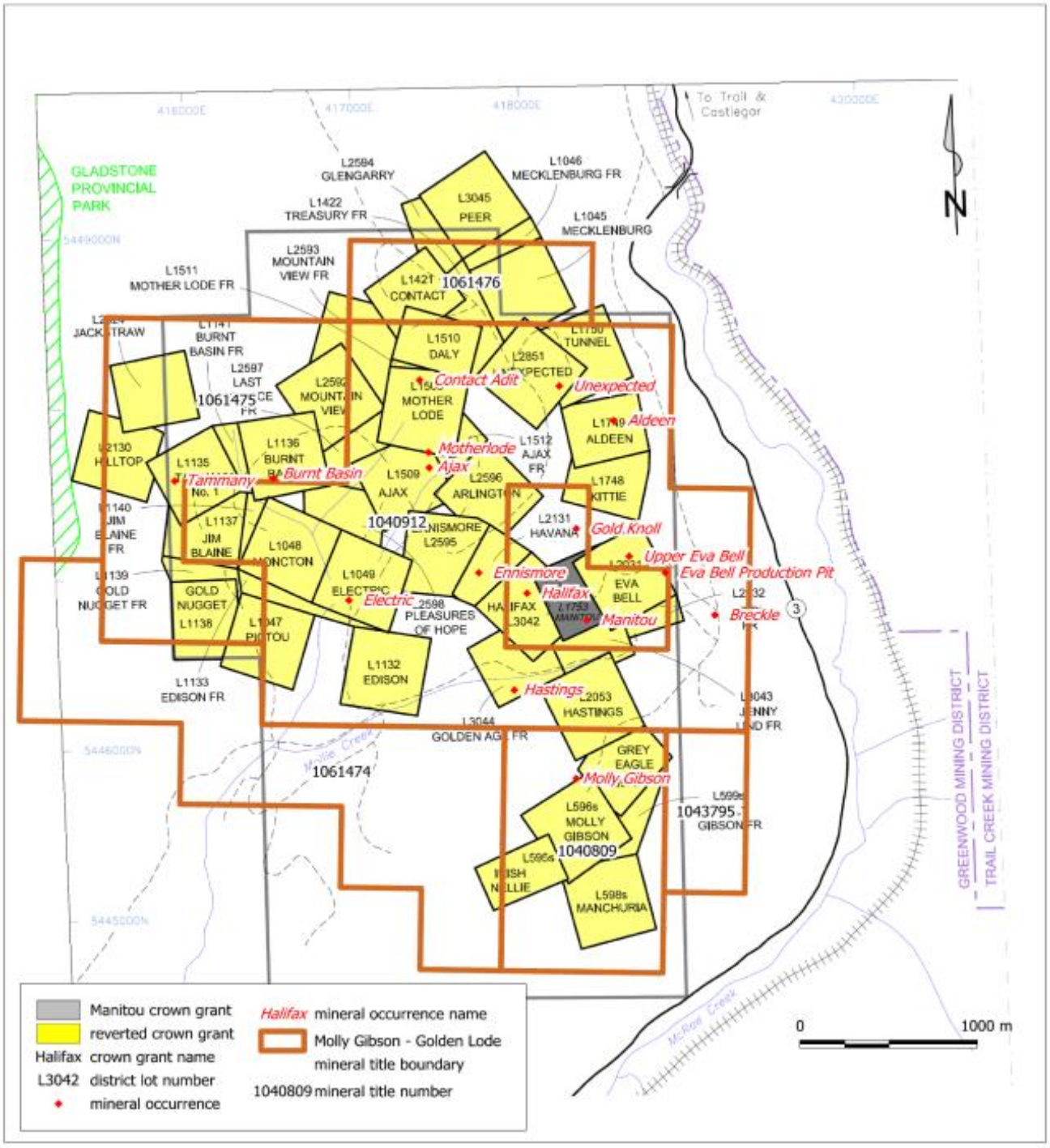
High-grade zinc, lead, silver and copper mineralization was sampled from numerous showings within this mineralized zone during the 2006 program, with values to a maximum of **38.5% Zn, 64.0% Pb, 1270g/t Ag and 10.8% Cu** returned. Gold values are lower in this style of mineralization, generally in the range of several hundred ppb Au, however the nearby Breckle showin contained 2.71 g/t Au in a sample of massive sphalerite-galena, while local pyrrohitie-rich hornfels nearby assayed **5.38 g/t Au**.

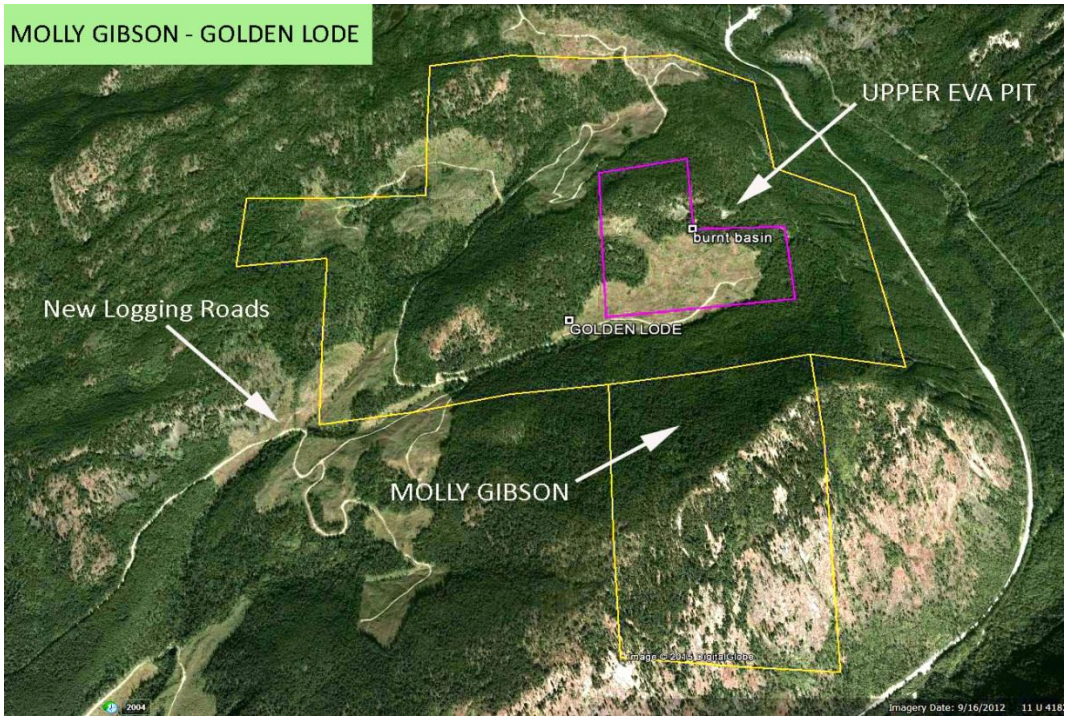


Red boundary shows 3 MTO cell title # 530691, currently good until Dec 30 2020 and presently owned by Newport Gold Inc. **Newport Gold Inc.** (OTCQB:NWPG) http://www.newportgold.com/

These titles are only a small portion of the properties development potential and should not affect future exploration and development. The Molly Gibson area alone is a viable exploration target.

Crown Grants in Yellow have reverted and are covered by new tenures owned by Rich River Exploration Ltd. The claims comprising the property are currently good until November 30th, 2028





SIGNIFICANT VALUES OF BASE METALS AND SILVER FOUND IN CHANNEL SAMPLING OF TRENCHES

Results show good Zn, Pb and Ag values over reasonable widths, from both the Upper Eva Bell and Halifax showings, as listed below. Two trenches at the Upper Eva Bell returned 2.5 m of 13.72% Zn, 2.86% Pb, 2,5%Cu 460 g Ag and .6 gm Au, and 3.0m of 8.68%Zn, 1.50%Pb, 2.12 % Cu, 383g Ag and .7g Au. In the **Halifax area** several trenches assayed encouraging values over reasonable widths. Some of these were:

4.70 m of 6.48%Zn, 1.94% Pb, .08% Cu and 44gm/t Ag

3.40 m of 3.98% Zn, 3.63% Pb and 112.9 gm/t Ag

7.0m of 2.29%Zn, 1.69%Pb and 41.7 gm/t Ag

5.05 m of 2.38% Zn, 1.68%Pb and 27 gm/t Ag

Multiple, parallel zones of semi-massive to massive magnetite-sphalerite (+/- galena) occur at the Halifax zone. The mineralization was exposed by trenching during the fall of 2007, over a strike length of 110 meters.

These values are like those found in 2 drill holes and one trench in the early seventies of the **EVA BELL PRODUCTION PIT** about 275 m to the south east. These two holes 72-4 and 72-5 intersected a zone with a true width of 16.5 feet (about 5 meters) returning 7.3% Zn (zinc), 4.84% Pb(lead) and 2.67 oz Ag(silver) and 8.78% Zn, 5.44%Pb and 4.05 oz/Ag, respectively.

Trenching in this area is also reported to have exposed a zone of mineralization that graded **8.15% Zn, 3.2%Pb, 2.2% Cu and 8.6 oz/t Ag over a 21 foot (6.4m) width.**

This picture is from the Halifax showing Massive sphalerite-magnetite-galena mineralization occurs in old workings

Massive Cu-Py with Galena from **Upper Eva Pit** on the claims

This picture is from the Upper Eva Bell showing… Now on Rich River's ground.

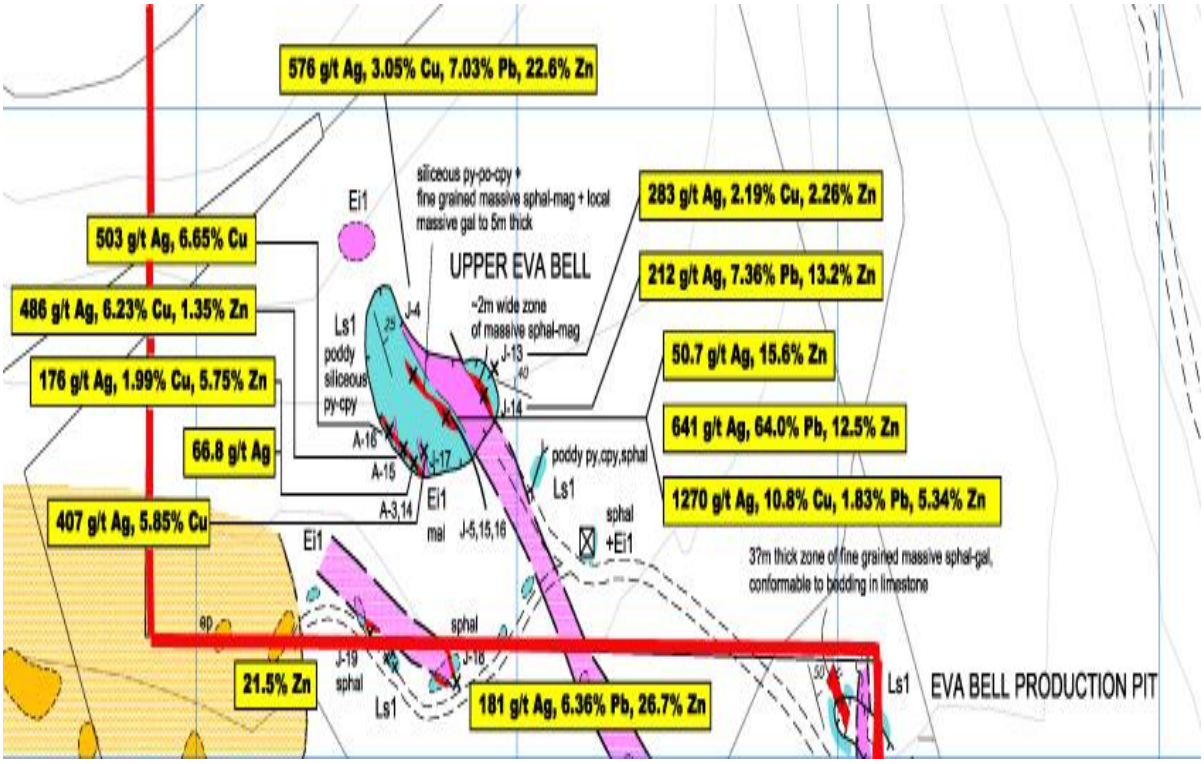
Select grab samples collected during 2006 returned values to **576 g/t Ag, 3.05% Cu, 7.03% Pb and 22.6% Zn, with 840 ppb Au and to 1270 g/t Ag, 10.8% Cu, 1.83% Pb and 5.34% Zn, with 490 ppb Au**.

During the 2007 work program, the excavator was used to strip off a large area to better expose the mineralization for mapping and representative sampling.

An area of 30 by 35 m was stripped at the Upper Eva Bell showing. Within the stripped area, 6 separate zones of mineralization are exposed.

The largest is a 5 meter wide by 11 meter long zone of semi-massive to massive magnetite-sphalerite. The stripped area ends and this mineralization continues under cover.

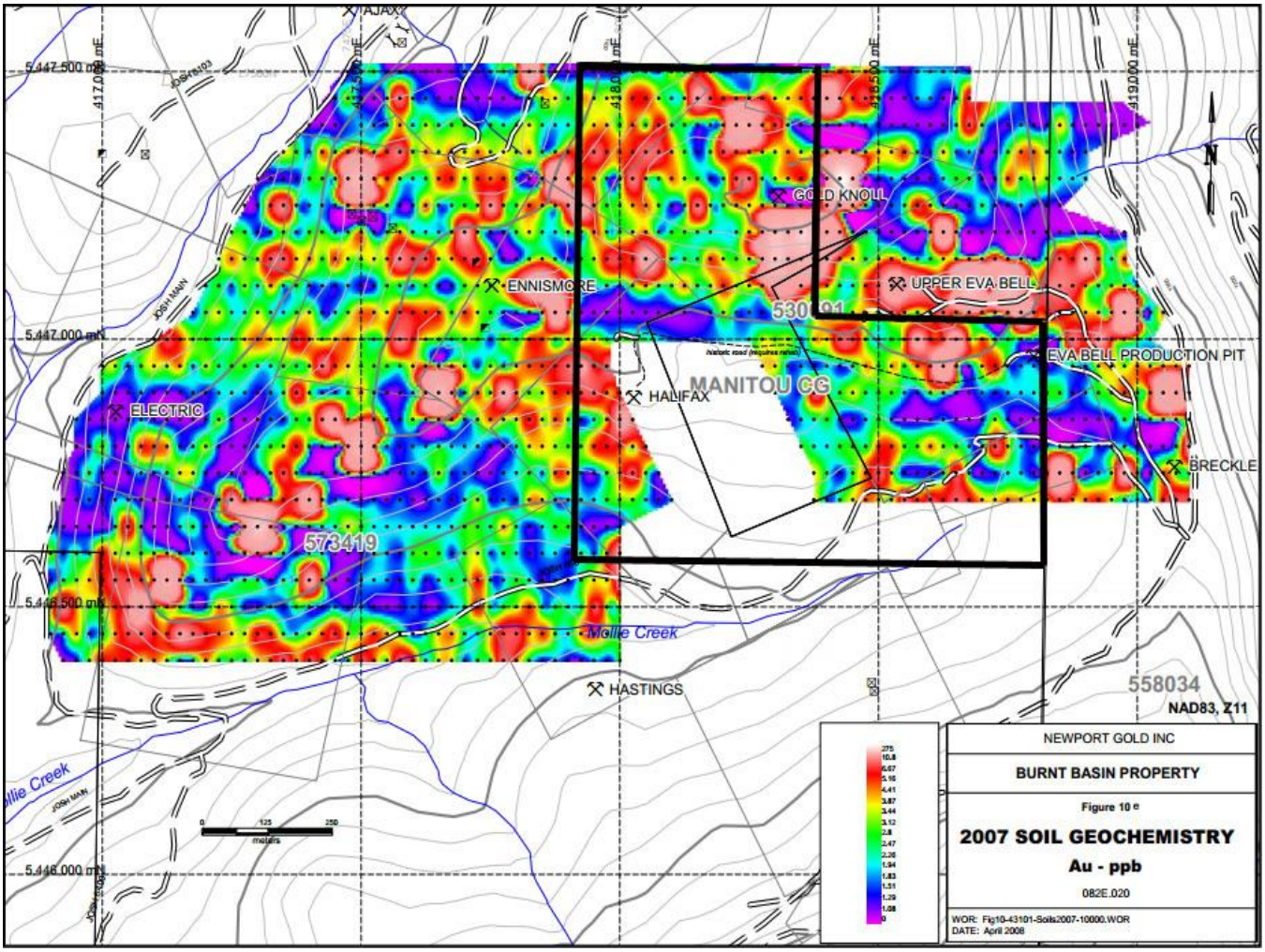
Upper EVA BELL PIT is located on Rich River's Claims



The encouraging base metal and silver values at the Halifax and Upper Eva Bell are only two of the very few rock exposures in the massive sulphide/gold/systems on the Burnt Basin property. They are about 600 meters apart. New showings are continually being found and are no doubt related in some fashion due to the similarities in style. The very extensive geochemical anomaly is still open in all directions, (greater than 1000 meters in length)

These figures clearly show the enormity of the base metal/silver mineralization below the soil cover and the Halifax and Upper Eva Bell exposed areas are minute in size representing a tiny fraction of the geochemical anomaly coverage to date. Both the Halifax and Hastings showings are outside of the area covered by geochemisty and represent additional exploration targets.

A large zinc lead soil anomaly occurs near the Ennismore showing (250 meters north west of the Halifax) and the magnetic anomaly between the Eva Bell and Breckle showing are just two areas slated for follow up. Geochemical coverage should be increased to cover new showings and depth to bedrock measured to assist in excavations. High grade zinc mineralization has been found at the Hastings showing which is situated about 550 meters south of the Halifax zone. A 6 meter shaft dates back to 1929.



Numerous gold anomalies remain unexplored; New Road access to this area will facilitate more discoveries.

The contact adit was re-visited and additional sampling was done. A 0.4 meter chip sample across the vein, at the portal to the adit, returned **15.84 g/t Au**, and select grab samples from road cut returned values **of 27.58 g/t Au** and **33.99 g/t Au** from quartz veins.

A new showing (the **Gold Knoll** showing) was discovered in follow-up to a gold soil geochemical anomaly on the knoll, northwest of the Upper Eva Bell showing. Several small historic hand trenches and open cuts were found, which explore narrow quartz veins. Samples of vein material returned values of **43.07 g/t Au** and **42.78 g/t Au**.

Results, 2006 sampling Program

2006 ROCK SAMPLE RESULTS

Sample	Au	Ag	Cu	Pb	Zn	Sample	Au	Ag	Cu	Pb	Zn
	ppb or g/t	ppm	ppm or %	ppm or %	ppm or %		ppb or g/t	ppm	ppm or %	ppm or %	ppm or %
JBB-01	15	0.2	56	32	62	ABB-01	55	10.2	37	30	**38.5%**
JBB-02	190	**129.0**	21	**10.4%**	**37.4%**	ABB-02	5	0.6	215	24	1470
JBB-03	5	0.4	92	102	318	ABB-03	85	**176.0**	**1.99%**	802	**5.75%**
JBB-04	840	**576.0**	**3.05%**	**7.03%**	**22.6%**	ABB-04	295	1.8	956	16	119
JBB-05	340	**50.7**	1187	654	**15.6%**	ABB-05	**9.26 g/t**	2.0	480	18	99
JBB-06	**16.0 g/t**	3.4	1643	88	325	ABB-06	10	<0.2	25	18	47
JBB-07	**13.7 g/t**	4.2	1659	16	118	ABB-07	50	0.7	326	64	44
JBB-08	60	1.1	477	60	59	ABB-08	**1.04 g/t**	2.0	803	26	51
JBB-09	**3.31 g/t**	2.8	1811	26	103	ABB-09	20	<0.2	27	56	38
JBB-10	650	1.3	125	68	50	ABB-10	25	0.8	38	14	14
JBB-11	5	0.3	45	62	98	ABB-11	15	0.3	55	42	77
JBB-12	875	**228.0**	**1.53%**	4806	6571	ABB-12	25	2.2	18	452	2412
JBB-13	20	**283.0**	**2.19%**	4160	**2.26%**	ABB-13	5	0.2	7	<2	10
JBB-14	430	**212.0**	419	**7.36%**	**13.2%**	ABB-14	5	**66.8**	4683	3480	2975
JBB-15	30	**641.0**	26	**64.0%**	**12.5%**	ABB-15	135	**486.0**	**6.23%**	1690	**1.35%**
JBB-16	490	**1270.0**	**10.8%**	**1.83%**	**5.34%**	ABB-16	225	**503.0**	**6.65%**	28	5295
JBB-17	20	**407.0**	**5.85%**	66	1217	ABB-17	105	**32.3**	153	**2.83%**	**1.95%**
JBB-18	230	**181.0**	146	**6.36%**	**26.7%**	ABB-18	95	**93.7**	**1.21%**	264	4225
JBB-19	55	6.4	177	142	**21.5%**	ABB-19	100	**40.9**	5321	1496	**28.4%**
JBB-20	60	16.9	310	520	**35.4%**	ABB-20	520	**122.0**	**9.14%**	316	**1.54%**
JBB-21	5	0.5	20	64	115	ABB-21	65	**109.0**	**1.59%**	1474	**1.97%**
JBB-22	10	**47.1**	6879	132	2361	ABB-22	5	0.4	199	30	115
JBB-23	55	8.6	402	710	**34.5%**	ABB-23	15	8.6	50	66	**31.5%**
JBB-24	60	12.1	451	432	**30.5%**	ABB-24	**1.11 g/t**	**627.0**	**6.94%**	1064	**1.61%**
JBB-25	5	0.5	75	112	122	ABB-25	5	0.6	53	42	194
JBB-26	60	8.6	94	80	**22.3%**	ABB-26	335	4.6	1065	<2	87
JBB-27	20	4.0	75	172	**30.5%**	ABB-27	5	<0.2	22	2	24
JBB-28	60	10.2	124	256	**9.96%**	ABB-28	25	4.1	627	<2	92
JBB-29	30	2.4	101	44	**18.4%**	ABB-29	**5.38 g/t**	2.2	151	18	37
JBB-30	10	0.7	76	42	208	ABB-30	820	**125.0**	365	**4.14%**	**6.01%**
JBB-31	**2.71 g/t**	**469.0**	69	**11.8%**	**12.5%**	ABB-31	30	1.1	91	110	155
JBB-32	5	0.9	9	278	198	ABB-32	5	0.3	8	52	45
JBB-33	5	0.7	13	224	149	ABB-33	<5	0.2	17	18	17
JBB-34	5	0.2	18	70	66	ABB-34	10	0.4	171	30	85
JBB-35	**11.8 g/t**	1.6	114	14	33	ABB-35	25	1.8	193	62	22
JBB-36	5	0.2	4	10	44	ABB-36	15	0.9	62	90	76
JBB-37	240	>0.2	170	114	75	ABB-37	**29.5 g/t**	6.1	2326	2	54
JBB-38	**26.1 g/t**	4.6	1208	32	58						
JBB-39	370	1.0	865	52	89						
JBB-40	**17.8 g/t**	4.2	2191	10	76						
JBB-41	30	0.3	189	8	27						

MASSIVE SULPHIDE ZONE FROM UPPER EVA PIT

Molly Gibson Area

As part of the 2007 work program, a short road segment was constructed, to connect the new Josh Creek logging road network to the historic road network, so that road access has been restored to the Eva Bell and Molly Gibson areas. More recent logging activities has greatly improved the access to the area.

1928 - 33 Mention is made of the Molly Gibson in 1928, 1929, and 1931, owned at the time by the Molly Gibson Burnt Basin Mining Company. The extent of the workings, the majority of which are situated on the Molly Gibson Fraction, does not seem to have changed significantly since the description in 1918.
Assessment work on the property was said to have uncovered extensions of the mineral zones, but by 1931 a lien was reported registered against the property for non-payment of wages. In 1932 and 1933, the property was operated under lease, the lessee having apparently discovered, near the collar of the shaft **"*some new ore carrying values from 1.02 to 3.08 oz per ton in gold*."**

The zone strikes northwest and dips about 40$_{o}$ to the northeast. A car load of ore was shipped to the Trail smelter, via a 4 foot wide trail to the railway, over which "*ore could be hauled by sleigh in the winter*".
In 1929, a considerable amount of development work is reported on a mineralized fissure on the Mont Rose, said to be at a lower elevation in the Burnt Basin than the Molly Gibson. A mineralized fissure is reported in limestone, ranging from 18 inches to 4 feet in width and striking north-south. The location of the Mont Rose is unknown, although it matches the description of what is now referred to as the Hastings showing. This zone has excellent new road access.

1936 - 38 The geology, mineralization and history of work on the Molly Gibson property are described in some detail in a report by J.S. Stevenson contained in the 1936 Minister of Mines Annual Report. Shipments of ore from the property up to this point were reported to total about 260 tons, containing 285 oz Au and 119 oz Ag. In 1936, the company was in the process of driving the Singer adit, located 155 feet below and 400 feet north of the collar of the shaft. The absence of timber suitable for mining, an inadequate water supply and the extremely hard, siliceous nature of the limestone were noted as problems in developing the property. In 1937, a crew of 7 people was employed on the property and development work consisted of 194 feet of drifting and 316 feet of cross cutting. The following year an additional 45 feet of drifting, 304 feet of cross-cutting and 83 feet of raising was done, with 4 people employed.

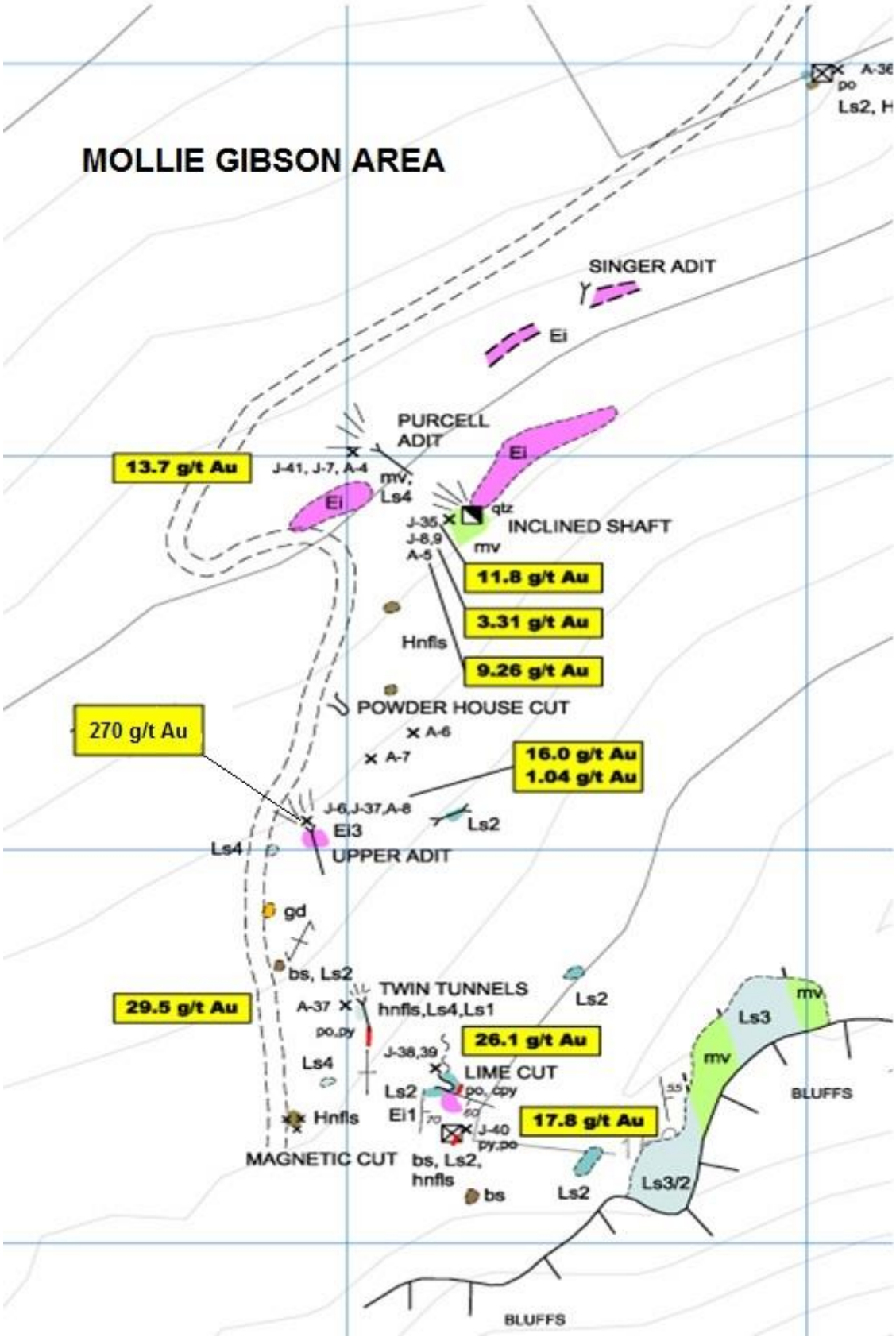
A shipment of 22 tons of ore, returning 32 oz Au and 10 oz Ag was made to Trail.

Geochemical surveys performed on the Molly Gibson claims group by Mollie Gibson Mines delineated four areas for follow-up exploration. The results of the surveys indicated that within the area containing the former underground and surface workings where up to 3.1 oz/ton Au was obtained in a sample, a magnetometer high correlates with a silver anomalous zone.

Two other areas with similar correlative exploration results but with no known surface mineralization occur on the property. In addition a large zone of potential skarn mineralization is indicated in a multielement correlative anomalous area occurring in a limestone area intruded by syenitic rocks.

2011 Molly Gibson Rock Sampling Highlights

Sample	Location	**Au (g/t)**	Sample Description
11CAP018	Upper Adit	**270**	Quartz-Pyrite-pyrrhotite hornfels sub crop within adit
11CAP022	Twin Tunnels	**31.4**	Chlorite-Pyrite-pyrrhotite hornfels within tunnel
11CAP030	Lime Cut	**20.4**	Weakly silicified pyrite-pyrrhotite hornfels outcrop
11CAP031	Lime Cut	**8.67**	Chlorite-pyrite-pyrrhotite hornfels outcrop



MOLLIE GIBSON WORKINGS

The Molly Gibson area represents an excellent exploration target for a high grade gold deposit.

Samples as high as an impressive 270 gpt or 8 oz/t gold have been reported.

To date… surface showings and workings occur over a 650m strike length.

High Grade gold bearing massive sulphide's are exposed at the Inclined Shaft.
This is one of the numerous surface workings along the known 610-metre-long Molly Gibson zone.
Ground geophysics and detailed geologic mapping would aide in delineating and possibly expanding this zone, plus define drill targets in untested areas of overburden cover.
These zones are drill ready and now easily accessible by new logging haul roads.
Exploration would be relatively inexpensive compared to the possible rewards.

The Molly Gibson Mine has the potential for significant reserves over the 2000-foot (610m) length of gold mineralization found on the surface. The gold that was retrieved from the old mine came from very shallow depths and is in extremely hard siliceous rock. The primitive mining techniques available at that time did not allow for easy mining. Back then, they mined what they could visibly see, and manually carried the ore down to the train in rawhide sacks.

The mine was closed in the late 30's due to the difficulties of penetrating the very hard rock along with the lack of water and timber and the inability to drill deeper. Today, of course none of this is an issue and the ore can be transported via truck directly to be milled, as there are two mills and a smelter within a 60km radius). Recent grab samples taken confirmed the high-grade values that where mined in the past. The average of one ounce per ton gold recovered in the past is well documented and verified in the Trail Smelter Receipts.

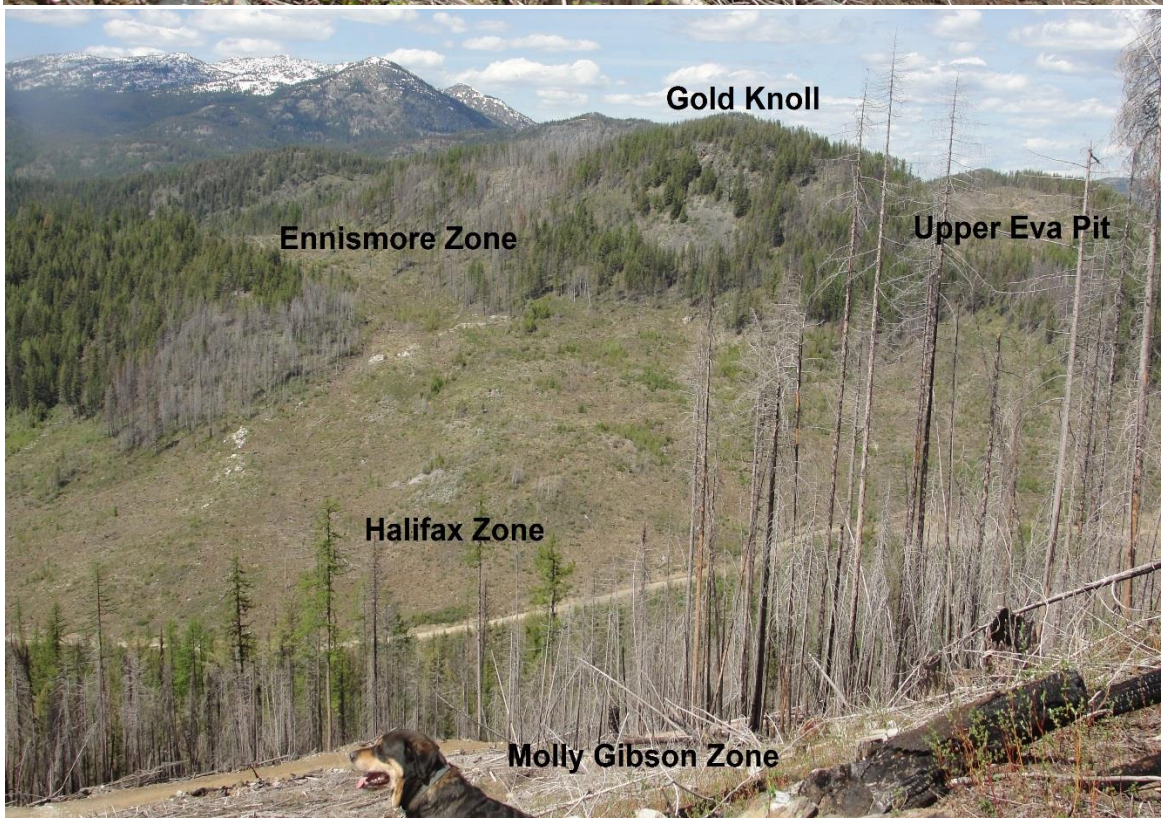
The mineralization on this property was also reviewed by Dr. Trygve Hoy in 2006. Dr. Hoy is a highly respected British Columbian geologist with extensive expertise in B.C. deposit types. After visiting the site and reviewing the assay results he believes the Molly Gibson is a small part of an immense mineralized system which includes gold, silver and copper.

The "Minister of Mines Annual Report" in 1901 stated, that a large exposure of ore on the side of a precipice, which produced a rock sample assaying over **5 oz/gold/ton**. This area is on the back side of the Mollie Gibson zone and virtually unexplored due to the very steep cliffs. A drill setup near the cliff top could penetrate this zone.

Numerous very high Au grades have been obtained from the Molly Gibson Golden Lode property. It has been determined that gold accompanies heavy sulphide concentrations in greenstone as well as the altered limestone and schists.

These results provided definite confirmation of the earlier reported high Au values In addition samples returning high values in Au showed a good correlation with elevated Cu and Ba with Pb and Zn values This metallic association reinforces the possibility that the ore horizons at Molly Gibson may be of volcanic affinity (VMS) type as opposed to a skarn type. Further modern exploration is definitely warranted.

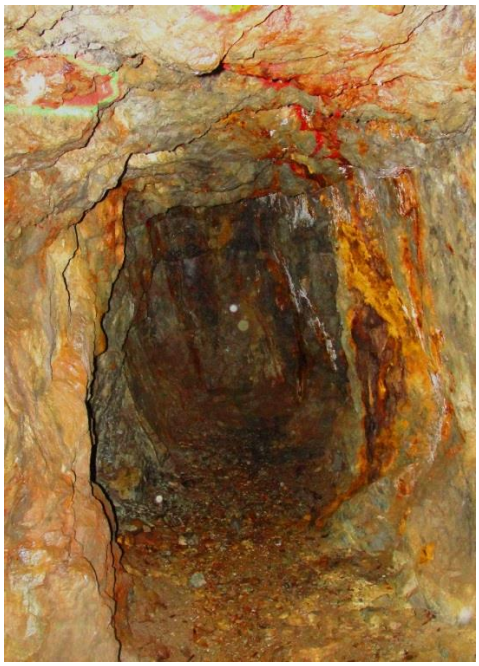
Most of the claim area has been extensively burned in the 2015 Paulsen Forest fire and numerous new roads have been constructed to facilitate the new 2018 logging in the area.

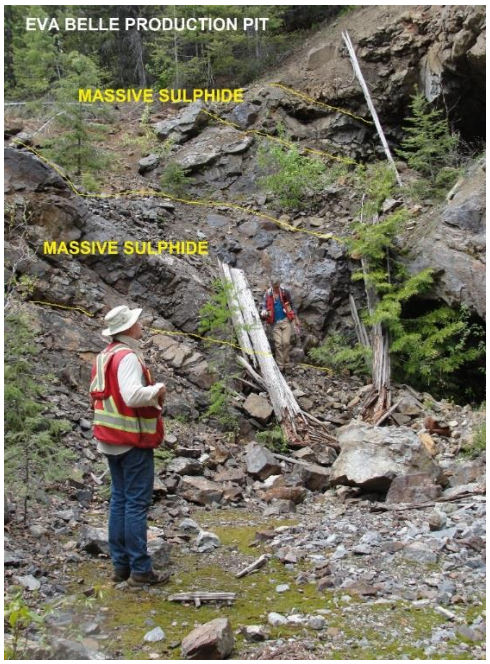


Mollie Gibson area 2019

Waste Dump of Mollie Gibson Adit

Copper stained outcrop in road cut





Breckle Adit – High Grade Ag-Pb-Zn-Cu + Au

Twin Tunnel Adit – Molly Gibson Zone

The extensive base metal and high-grade gold silver mineralization on this property along with the potential to immediately extract high grade ore puts it in an advantageous position, as properties this prolific are few and far between.

The property has been burned and extensively logged and numerous targets are drill ready.

A 10,000 tonne bulk sample at an average grade of one ounce per tonne gold should be feasible in the Mollie Gibson area alone. This would currently (Aug. 2020) be worth around 20 million dollars just in gold credits.
This historical exploration camp is now consolidated into one claim group with excellent road access and within short trucking distance (+/- 60 Km) to milling and smelting facilities.

There are not very many exploration companies with this type of project in their portfolio.

This property has excellent further discovery and development potential

This property is offered for sale by way of working option to purchase.

For further information please contact

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