

The Great Northern Silver - Copper- Zinc Project

The Great Northern project consists of 16 MTO cells or 288.25 Hectares (691.8 acres) covering 12 Reverted Crown Granted mineral claims, numerous strong mineral showings and highly prospective geology.

- 1) The Butler prospect is located at the headwaters of Farnham Creek, on the west flank of Black Diamond Mountain in the Golden Mining Division. The property consists of two Reverted Crown grants (Lots 9989 and 9990). The Butler vein has been explored with two adits and a 150 metre long crosscut. A 50 centimetre chip sample across the mineralized vein assayed 250 grams per tonne silver, 3.0 per cent copper, 1.26 per cent zinc and 0.5 per cent lead

- 2) The Great Northern prospect consists of a single Reverted Crown grant (Lot 5358). The prospect consists of vertical fissure veins up to 30 centimetres wide within silicified dolomitic limestone of the Mount Nelson Formation. The veins have been exposed by trenching for a distance of 200 metres along a northwest strike. Mineralization includes galena, pyrite, chalcopyrite, friebertite, azurite and malachite in a gangue of quartz and barite. A 1.2 metre chip sample across the mineralized vein assayed 35 grams per tonne silver, 4.37 per cent lead and 1.05 per cent copper.

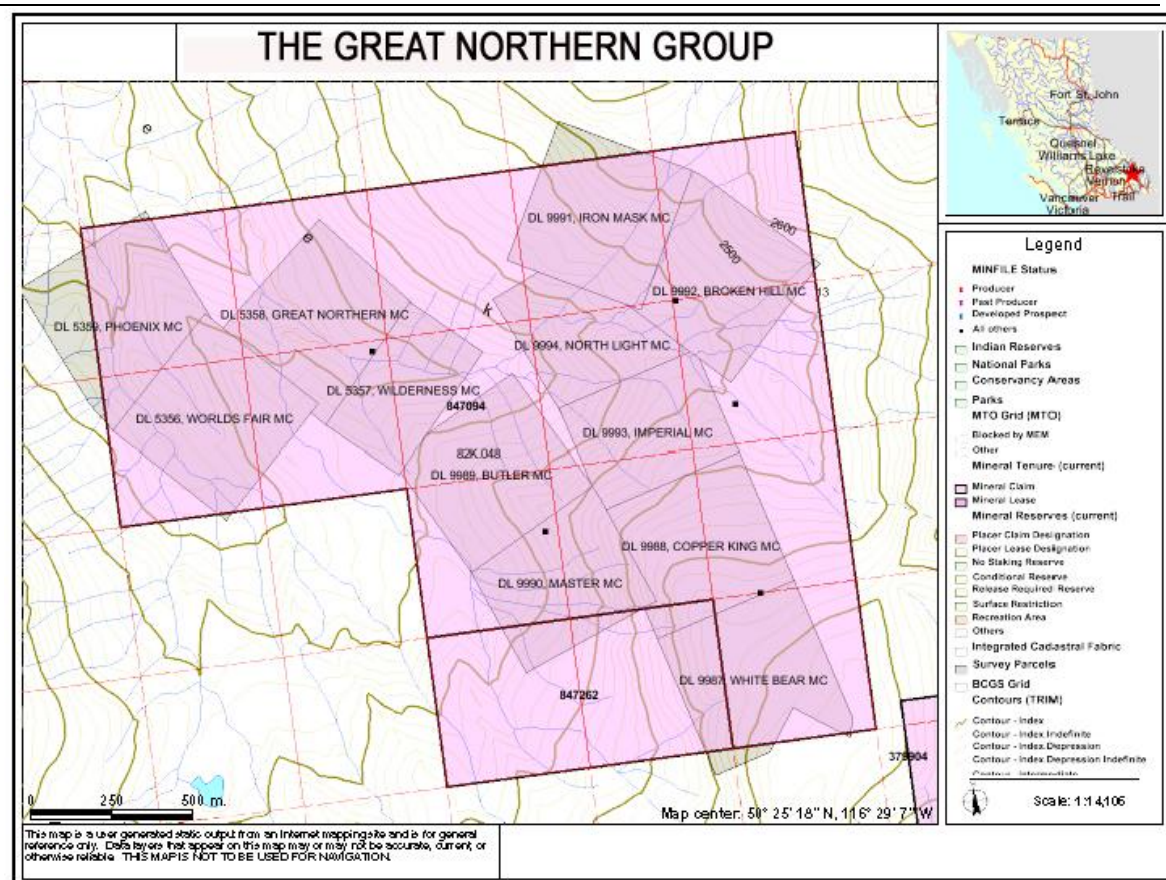
- 3) The Imperial Tatler and Farnam prospects consist of five quartz-barite veins containing some tetrahedrite and azurite. The main vein is 90 to 130 centimetres wide and has been exposed for approximately 30 metres along strike. The veins strike 155 degrees and dip 80 degrees west. All veins are within the middle dolomite member of the Mount Nelson Formation. Mineralization appears to be associated with tensional fractures on the crest of a northwest-trending anticline. A 1.22 metre wide chip sample across the main vein assayed 210 grams per tonne silver and 4.03 per cent copper.

- 4) The Copper King prospect consists of a 40 centimetre wide quartz-barite vein containing galena, sphalerite, tetrahedrite and freibertite. The vein has been explored with two small adits and some trenches for a distance of 6 metres. The vein, hosted by the middle dolomite member of the Mount Nelson Formation, strikes southeast and dips vertically (Open File 1990-26). A 1.0 metre wide chip sample across the vein assayed 75 grams per tonne silver, 1.22 per cent copper, 1.08 per cent zinc and 0.25 per cent lead.

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