

## **EXPLORATION PROJECTS AVAILABLE**

### **Golden Thunderbird**

Mineralization consists of disseminated pyrite, galena and chalcopyrite. The south part of the zone was chip sampled across 38 centimetres and assayed 7.35 grams per tonne gold; a grab sample assayed 25.9 grams per tonne gold, 14.5 grams per tonne silver, 0.16 per cent lead and 0.02 per cent copper. Other showings gave values up to 1.62 grams per tonne gold, 35.9 grams per tonne silver and 1.4 per cent copper.

### **Central Gold**

Trenches are developed on an east trending shear zone which dips 55 to 60 degrees south in quartz diorite. The shear hosts limonitic quartz veins mineralized with pyrite and minor amounts of chalcopyrite and galena with some azurite also evident. A rock sample assayed up to 3.94 grams per tonne gold and 0.1 per cent copper

### **GC, Gold Canyon**

Mineralization consists of disseminated and locally massive pyrite and chalcopyrite and trace galena in a quartz-carbonate stockwork within a highly fractured and altered basalt. Quartz-carbonate stockworks are also evident in basalt breccia and are mineralized with pyrite and trace chalcopyrite. A rock sample from rubble at the base of a cliff (Box Canyon showing) assayed 0.32 per cent copper and 18.2 grams per tonne gold

### **Alice Rock**

**Ni - Cu - Co - Pt - Pd - Ag - Au**

The showing is located about 2 kilometres north of Davies Point at the entrance of Alice Arm on Observatory Inlet, about 7.5 kilometres east of Anyox. It was first discovered in 1916, and has been evaluated periodically since then. A sample across the massive sulphide lens assayed trace gold, 10.3 grams per tonne silver, trace platinum, 1.66 per cent copper, trace lead and zinc, 1.11 per cent nickel and 0.18 per cent cobalt

### **Golden Telluride**

The region of the Golden Telluride occurrence is underlain by flows and pyroclastics of the Lower Jurassic Bonanza Group, intruded by granitic rocks of the Jurassic Island Plutonic Suite.

Contacts with the volcanics can be sharp, interpreted as fault contacts, or transitional zones, up to 130 metres wide. Post intrusive aplite and lamprophyre dykes cut both granitic and volcanics.

At the Golden Telluride occurrence, north to northeast trending dykes and coincident fault and fracture zones cut the granodiorite rocks, and are accompanied by silicification and an alteration assemblage that includes chlorite, epidote, pyrite and biotite.

Bleaching of wallrock is common. Native gold-telluride-pyrite mineralization occurs with biotite, chlorite and quartz in a narrow central zone of intense shearing, flanked by a zone of fracturing that is up to several metres wide and locally contains some native gold in chlorite-epidote filled fractures and slip surfaces.

Values to 1035.87 grams per tonne and 270.89 grams per tonne gold have been obtained. The spectacular high grade gold zones are quite narrow, however good potential exists for further discoveries.

The "Laird zone" located 65 metres east of the Eclipse zone, has a similar geological setting. The Assessment Reports refers to other occurrences on the property such as the... (DL-8, Amai Creek, Breccia and Road showings but no details or assays are given. This gives rise to further discovery potential on this ground.

### White Gold Pass - Bonanza VMS

On the White Gold Pass - Bonanza VMS Prospect, Sphalerite, Galena, Chalcopyrite, Silver and Gold occur at both showings. The Sphalerite is accompanied by Galena, Pyrrhotite and Chalcopyrite, in the lower showing.

At the upper showing Galena is predominant. A 41% Pb-Zn combined grade sample has been taken from the upper showing. This zone also assayed: 1.58% Cu, 0.125% Cd, 10.00 oz/ton Ag, 0.004oz/ton Au. At the lower showing assays up to 0.28oz/ton Gold were obtained from the #1 pit and

0.07oz/ton from the #2 pit. This prospect could very well be classified as a polymetallic VMS type of deposit.

The White Gold Pass - Bonanza VMS Prospect is ideally located in an Arc type sedimentary volcanic complex geological environment, with local intrusive complexes.

This is an ideal geological environment for the localization of other types of Vancouver Island massive sulphide and gold types of deposits.

### Ecstall VMS

A Noranda / Kuroko massive sulphide Cu-Pb-Zn-Ag + Au type.

A belt of vertically dipping sericitic gneiss 150 metres wide and 2.5 kilometres long contains widespread chalcopyrite, pyrite and traces of bornite. The longest chip sample assayed 0.20 per cent copper over 119 metres; the highest grade sample returned 0.65 per cent copper over 7.5 metres. Numerous showings of Cu-Pb-Zn-Ag-Au, occur in a 120 metre wide belt of quartz-sericite-schist for about 2.7 Km. Seven grab samples of sulphide material averaged 3.04 per cent copper, 0.0695 per cent zinc, 11.7 grams per tonne silver, and 1.525 grams per tonne gold

A package deal is available to Canadian public companies willing to fund further exploration on these excellent projects



### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

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